

100 West Weatherford Fort Worth, TX 76196-0401

PHONE (817) 884-1195

PREMIER COMMUNITIES 3102 OAK LAWN AVE STE 202 **DALLAS, TX 75219**

Submitter: PREMIER COMMUNITIES

DO NOT DESTROY WARNING - THIS IS PART OF THE OFFICIAL RECORD.

Filed For Registration:

12/30/2011 3:46 PM

Instrument #:

D211315193

OPR

PGS

\$24.00

Mary Lower Carin By: _

D211315193

ANY PROVISION WHICH RESTRICTS THE SALE, RENTAL OR USE OF THE DESCRIBED REAL PROPERTY BECAUSE OF COLOR OR RACE IS INVALID AND UNENFORCEABLE UNDER FEDERAL LAW.

Glenwyck Farms Homeowners Association, Inc. GUIDELINES FOR RAINWATER RECOVERY SYSTEMS

STATE OF TEXAS	§	
	§	KNOW ALL PERSONS BY THESE PRESENTS:
COUNTY OF TARRANT	§	

WHEREAS the Glenwyck Farms Homeowners Association, Inc. ("Association") is charged with administering and enforcing those certain covenants, conditions and restrictions contained in the recorded Declarations for the various sections of the community (referred to collectively as "Declarations"); and

WHEREAS chapter 202 of the Texas Property Code was amended effective September 1, 2011, to amend Section 202.007(d) ("Section 202.007") thereto dealing with rain barrels and rainwater harvesting systems (referred to collectively as "Rainwater Recovery Systems"); and

WHEREAS, the Board of Directors ("Board") of the Association has determined that in connection with maintaining the aesthetics and architectural harmony of the community, and to provide clear and definitive guidance regarding the installation and maintenance of Rainwater Recovery Systems therein, it is appropriate for the Association to adopt guidelines regarding Rainwater Recovery Systems.

NOW, THEREFORE, the Board has duly adopted the following *Guidelines for Rainwater Recovery Systems* within the community.

- 1. Rainwater Recovery Systems may be installed with advance approval of the Architectural Control Committee ("ACC") subject to these guidelines.
- 2. All such Systems must be installed on land owned by the property owner. No portion of the System may encroach on adjacent properties or common areas.
- 3. Other than gutters and downspouts conventionally attached to a dwelling or appurtenant structure, all components of the Systems, such as tanks, barrels, filters, pumps, motors, pressure tanks, pipes and hoses, must be substantially screened from public view from any street or common area. Screening may be accomplished by:
 - a. placement behind a solid fence, a structure or vegetation; or
 - b. by burying the tanks or barrels; or
 - c. by placing equipment in an outbuilding otherwise approved by the ACC.
- 4. A rain barrel may be placed in a location visible from public view from any street or common area only if the configuration of the guttering system on the structure precludes screening as described above with the following restrictions:
 - a. the barrel must not exceed 55 gallons; and
 - b. the barrel must be installed in close proximity to the structure on a level base with the guttering downspout leading directly to the barrel inlet at a substantially vertical angle; and
 - c. the barrel must be fully painted in a single color to blend with the adjacent home or vegetation; and
 - d. any hose attached to the barrel discharge must be neatly coiled and stored behind or beside the rain barrel in the least visible position when not in use.

Glenwyck Farms Homeowners Association, Inc. Guidelines for Rainwater Recovery Systems Page 2 of 3

- 2) Overflow lines from the Systems must not be directed onto or adversely affect adjacent properties or common areas.
- 3) Inlets, ports, vents and other openings must be sealed or protected with mesh to prevent children, animals and debris from entering the barrels, tanks or other storage devices. Open top storage containers are not allowed, however, where space allows and where appropriate, ponds may be used for water storage.
- 4) Harvested water must be used and not allowed to become stagnant or a threat to health.
- 5) All Systems must be maintained in good repair. Unused Systems should be drained and disconnected from the gutters. Any unused Systems in public view must be removed if they can be seen from any street or common area.

The guidelines are effective upon recordation in the Public Records of TARRANT County, and supersede any guidelines for rainwater recovery systems which may have previously been in effect. Except as affected by Section 202.007 and/or by these guidelines, all other provisions contained in the Declarations or any other dedicatory instruments of the Association shall remain in full force and effect.

Approved and adopted by the Board on this 30th day of Docember 2011.

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PRINTED NAME

Michael Keele

POSITION

Glenwyck Farms Homeowners Association, Inc. Guidelines for Rainwater Recovery Systems Page 3 of 3

STATE OF TEXAS § § § **COUNTY OF TARRANT** Before me, the undersigned authority, on this day personally appeared of Glenwyck Farms Homeowners Association, Inc., a Texas corporation, known to me to be the person and officer whose name is subscribed to the foregoing instrument and acknowledged to me that he/she had executed the same as the act of said corporation for the purpose and consideration therein expressed, and in the capacity therein stated. Given under my hand and seal of office this Notary Public, State of Texas [Notarial Seal] TERA E. BELLEMARE My commission expires: Notary Public, State of Texas My Commission Expires May 05, 2015



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PREMIER COMMUNITIES 3102 OAK LAWN AVE STE 202 **DALLAS, TX 75219**

Submitter: PREMIER COMMUNITIES

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Instrument #:

D211315189

OPR

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PGS

\$40.00

Mary Lower Garcia By: _

D211315189

ANY PROVISION WHICH RESTRICTS THE SALE, RENTAL OR USE OF THE DESCRIBED REAL PROPERTY BECAUSE OF COLOR OR RACE IS INVALID AND UNENFORCEABLE UNDER FEDERAL LAW.

Glenwyck Farms Homeowners Association, Inc.

Records Production and Copying Policy

WHEREAS, the Board of Directors (the "Board") of Glenwyck Farms Homeowners Association, Inc. (the "Association") wishes to establish a Records Production and Copying Policy which shall govern the costs the Association will charge for the compilation, production, and reproduction of information requested under Section 209.005 of the Texas Property Code; and

WHEREAS, the Board wishes to adopt this policy in compliance with Section 209.005 of the Texas Property Code; and

WHEREAS, the Board intends to file this policy in the real property records of each county in which the subdivision is located, in compliance with Sections 209.005 and 202.006 of the Texas Property Code; and

NOW, THEREFORE, IT IS RESOLVED that the following Records Production and Copying Policy is established by the Board:

- A. An owner is responsible for costs related to the compilation, production, and reproduction of the books and records of the Association. Costs shall be the same as all costs under 1 T.A.C. Section 70.3, the pertinent part of which is reproduced in italics below, and are subject to increase in the event 1 T.A.C. Section 70.3 is amended:
 - 1. Copy charge.
 - (A) Standard paper copy. The charge for standard paper copies reproduced by means of an office machine copier or a computer printer is \$.10 per page or part of a page. Each side that has recorded information is considered a page.
 - (B) Nonstandard copy. The charges in this subsection are to cover the materials onto which information is copied and do not reflect any additional charges, including labor, that may be associated with a particular request. The charges for nonstandard copies are:
 - *Diskette--\$1.00*:
 - *Magnetic tape--actual cost;*
 - Data cartridge--actual cost;
 - Tape cartridge--actual cost;
 - *Rewritable CD (CD-RW)--\$1.00;*
 - *Non-rewritable CD (CD-R)--\$1.00;*
 - Digital video disc (DVD)--\$3.00;
 - *JAZ drive--actual cost*;
 - Other electronic media--actual cost:

- VHS video cassette--\$2.50:
- Audio cassette--\$1.00;
- Oversize paper copy (e.g.: 11 inches by 17 inches greenbar, bluebar, not including maps and photographs using specialty paper--See also §70.9 of this title)--\$.50;
- Specialty paper (e.g.: Mylar, blueprint, blueline, map, photographic--actual cost.
- 2. Labor charge for programming. If a particular request requires the services of a programmer in order to execute an existing program or to create a new program so that requested information may be accessed and copied, the governmental body may charge for the programmer's time.
 - (A) The hourly charge for a programmer is \$28.50 an hour. Only programming services shall be charged at this hourly rate.
 - (B) Governmental bodies that do not have in-house programming capabilities shall comply with requests in accordance with §552.231 of the Texas Government Code.
 - (C) If the charge for providing a copy of public information includes costs of labor, a governmental body shall comply with the requirements of §552.261(b) of the Texas Government Code.
- 3. Labor charge for locating, compiling, manipulating data, and reproducing public information.
 - (A) The charge for labor costs incurred in processing a request for public information is \$15 an hour. The labor charge includes the actual time to locate, compile, manipulate data, and reproduce the requested information.
 - (B) A labor charge shall not be billed in connection with complying with requests that are for 50 or fewer pages of paper records, unless the documents to be copied are located in:
 - (i) Two or more separate buildings that are not physically connected with each other; or
 - (ii) A remote storage facility.
 - (C) A labor charge shall not be recovered for any time spent by an attorney, legal assistant, or any other person who reviews the requested information:

- (i) To determine whether the governmental body will raise any exceptions to disclosure of the requested information under the Texas Government Code, Subchapter C, Chapter 552; or
- (ii) To research or prepare a request for a ruling by the attorney general's office pursuant to §552.301 of the Texas Government Code.
- (D) When confidential information pursuant to a mandatory exception of the Act is mixed with public information in the same page, a labor charge may be recovered for time spent to redact, blackout, or otherwise obscure confidential information in order to release the public information. A labor charge shall not be made for redacting confidential information for requests of 50 or fewer pages, unless the request also qualifies for a labor charge pursuant to Texas Government Code, §552.261(a)(1) or (2).
- (E) If the charge for providing a copy of public information includes costs of labor, a governmental body shall comply with the requirements of Texas Government Code, Chapter 552, §552.261(b).
- (F) For purposes of paragraph (2)(A) of this subsection, two buildings connected by a covered or open sidewalk, an elevated or underground passageway, or a similar facility, are not considered to be separate buildings.

4. Overhead charge.

- (A) Whenever any labor charge is applicable to a request, a governmental body may include in the charges direct and indirect costs, in addition to the specific labor charge. This overhead charge would cover such costs as depreciation of capital assets, rent, maintenance and repair, utilities, and administrative overhead. If a governmental body chooses to recover such costs, a charge shall be made in accordance with the methodology described in paragraph(3) of this subsection. Although an exact calculation of costs will vary, the use of a standard charge will avoid complication in calculating such costs and will provide uniformity for charges made statewide.
- (B) An overhead charge shall not be made for requests for copies of 50 or fewer pages of standard paper records unless the request also qualifies for a labor charge pursuant to Texas Government Code, §552.261(a)(1) or (2).

(C) The overhead charge shall be computed at 20% of the charge made to cover any labor costs associated with a particular request. Example: if one hour of labor is used for a particular request, the formula would be as follows: Labor charge for locating, compiling, and reproducing, $\$15.00 \times .20 = \3.00 ; or Programming labor charge, $\$28.50 \times .20 = \5.70 . If a request requires one hour of labor charge for locating, compiling, and reproducing information (\$15.00 per hour); and one hour of programming labor charge(\$28.50 per hour), the combined overhead would be: $\$15.00 + \$28.50 = \$43.50 \times .20 = \8.70 .

5. Microfiche and microfilm charge.

- (A) If a governmental body already has information that exists on microfiche or microfilm and has copies available for sale or distribution, the charge for a copy must not exceed the cost of its reproduction. If no copies of the requested microfiche or microfilm are available and the information on the microfiche or microfilm can be released in its entirety, the governmental body should make a copy of the microfiche or microfilm. The charge for a copy shall not exceed the cost of its reproduction. The Texas State Library and Archives Commission has the capacity to reproduce microfiche and microfilm for governmental bodies. Governmental bodies that do not have in-house capability to reproduce microfiche or microfilm are encouraged to contact the Texas State Library before having the reproduction made commercially.
- (B) If only a master copy of information in microfilm is maintained, the charge is \$.10 per page for standard size paper copies, plus any applicable labor and overhead charge for more than 50 copies.

6. Remote document retrieval charge.

(A) Due to limited on-site capacity of storage documents, it is frequently necessary to store information that is not in current use in remote storage locations. Every effort should be made by governmental bodies to store current records on-site. State agencies are encouraged to store inactive or non-current records with the Texas State Library and Archives Commission. To the extent that the retrieval of documents results in a charge to comply with a request, it is permissible to recover costs of such services for requests that qualify for labor charges under current law.

(B) If a governmental body has a contract with a commercial records storage company, whereby the private company charges a fee to locate, retrieve, deliver, and return to storage the needed record(s), no additional labor charge shall be factored in for time spent locating documents at the storage location by the private company's personnel. If after delivery to the governmental body, the boxes must still be searched for records that are responsive to the request, a labor charge is allowed according to subsection (d)(1) of this section.

7. Computer resource charge.

- (A) The computer resource charge is a utilization charge for computers based on the amortized cost of acquisition, lease, operation, and maintenance of computer resources, which might include, but is not limited to, some or all of the following: central processing units (CPUs), servers, disk drives, local area networks (LANs), printers, tape drives, other peripheral devices, communications devices, software, and system utilities.
- (B) These computer resource charges are not intended to substitute for cost recovery methodologies or charges made for purposes other than responding to public information requests.
- (C) The charges in this subsection are averages based on a survey of governmental bodies with a broad range of computer capabilities. Each governmental body using this cost recovery charge shall determine which category(ies) of computer system(s) used to fulfill the public information request most closely fits its existing system(s), and set its charge accordingly. Type of System-Rate: mainframe--\$10 per CPU minute; Midsize--\$1.50 per CPU minute; Client/Server--\$2.20 per clock hour; PC or LAN--\$1.00 per clock hour.
- (D) The charge made to recover the computer utilization cost is the actual time the computer takes to execute a particular program times the applicable rate. The CPU charge is not meant to apply to programming or printing time; rather it is solely to recover costs associated with the actual time required by the computer to execute a program. This time, called CPU time, can be read directly from the CPU clock, and most frequently will be a matter of seconds. If programming is required to comply with a particular request, the appropriate charge that may be recovered for programming time is set forth in subsection (d) of this section. No charge should be made for computer print-out time. Example: If a

mainframe computer is used, and the processing time is 20 seconds, the charges would be as follows: \$10/3 = \$3.33; or $$10/60 \times 20 = 3.33 .

- (E) A governmental body that does not have in-house computer capabilities shall comply with requests in accordance with the §552.231 of the Texas Government Code.
- 8. Miscellaneous supplies. The actual cost of miscellaneous supplies, such as labels, boxes, and other supplies used to produce the requested information, may be added to the total charge for public information.
- 9. Postal and shipping charges. Governmental bodies may add any related postal or shipping expenses which are necessary to transmit the reproduced information to the requesting party.
- 10. Sales tax. Pursuant to Office of the Comptroller of Public Accounts' rules sales tax shall not be added on charges for public information (34 TAC, Part 1, Chapter 3, Subchapter O, §3.341 and §3.342).
- 11. Miscellaneous charges: A governmental body that accepts payment by credit card for copies of public information and that is charged a "transaction fee" by the credit card company may recover that fee.
- B. Any requesting owner must provide advance payment of the costs of compilation, production, and reproduction for the requested information, as estimated by the Association. If the estimated costs are lesser or greater than the actual costs, the Association shall submit a final invoice to the owner on or before the 30th business day after the date the information is delivered. If the final invoice includes additional amounts due from the owner, the additional amounts, if not reimbursed to the Association before the 30th business day after the date the invoice is sent to the owner, may be added to the owner's account as an assessment. If the estimated costs exceed the final invoice amount, the owner is entitled to a refund, and the refund shall be issued to the owner not later than the 30th business day after the date the invoice is sent to the owner.

This policy shall supersede and render null and void any previously adopted policy to the extent that the terms of such policy are contradictory.

This is to certify that the foregoing Records Production and Copying Policy was adopted by the Board of Directors, in accordance with Section 209.005 of the Texas Property Code.

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	Title: _	Bo	ald Oc	eside-et	,
	Date: _	12-	30-11	2000	
STATE OF TEXAS	§	1 1 1			
COUNTY OF Tarrant	§ § §				
	before m	nt	of		December
Glenwick Farms Hoab behalf of said corporation.			, a Texas no	n-profit co	orporation, on
TERA E. BELLEMARE Notary Public, State of Texas My Commission Expires May 05, 2015	Notary	Public,	State of Texa	lpa es	

AFTER RECORDING RETURN TO:

Premier Communities 3102 Oak Lawn Avenue, Suite 202 Dallas, TX 75219



100 West Weatherford Fort Worth, TX 76196-0401

PHONE (817) 884-1195

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Mory Lowie Garin By: _

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Glenwyck Farms Homeowners Association, Inc. GUIDELINES FOR DISPLAY OF CERTAIN RELIGIOUS ITEMS

STATE OF TEXAS	§	
	§	KNOW ALL PERSONS BY THESE PRESENTS:
COUNTY OF TARRANT	§	

WHEREAS the Glenwyck Farms Homeowners Association, Inc. ("Association") is charged with administering and enforcing those certain covenants, conditions and restrictions contained in the recorded Declarations for the various sections of the community (referred to collectively as "Declarations"); and

WHEREAS chapter 202 of the Texas Property Code was amended effective June 17, 2011, to add Section 202.018 ("Section 202.018") thereto dealing with the regulation of display of certain religious items; and

WHEREAS, the Board of Directors ("Board") of the Association has determined that in connection with maintaining the aesthetics and architectural harmony of the community, and to provide clear and definitive guidance regarding the display of certain religious items therein, it is appropriate for the Association to adopt guidelines regarding the display of certain religious items within the community.

NOW, THEREFORE, the Board has duly adopted the following *Guidelines for Display of Certain Religious Items* within the community.

- 1. A property owner or resident may display or attach one or more religious items to the entry to their dwelling. Such items include any thing related to any faith that is motivated by the resident's sincere religious belief or tradition.
- 2. Individually or in combination with each other, the items at any entry may not exceed 25 square inches total in size.
- 3. The items may only be displayed on or attached to the entry door or frame and may not extend beyond the outside edge of the door frame.
- 4. To the extent allowed by the Texas state constitution and the United States constitution, any such displayed or affixed religious items may not:
 - a. threaten public health or safety; or
 - b. violate any law; or
 - c. contain language, graphics or any display that is patently offensive to a passerby.
- 5. Approval from the Architectural Control Committee ("ACC") is not required for displaying religious items in compliance with these guidelines.
- 6. As provided by Section 202.018, the Association may remove any items displayed in violation of these guidelines.

The guidelines are effective upon recordation in the Public Records of TARRANT County, and supersede any guidelines for certain religious items which may have previously been in effect. Except as affected by Section 202.018 and/or by these guidelines, all other provisions contained in the Declarations or any other dedicatory instruments of the Association shall remain in full force and effect.

Glenwyck Farms Homeowners Association, Inc. Guidelines for Display of Certain Religious Items Page 2 of 2
Approved and adopted by the Board on this 30 day of December 2011.
SIGNATURE SIGNATURE
Michael Keeley PRINTED NAME
Board President POSITION
STATE OF TEXAS §
STATE OF TEXAS § COUNTY OF TARRANT §
Before me, the undersigned authority, on this day personally appeared of
Glenwyck Farms Homeowners Association, Inc., a Texas corporation, known to me to be the person and officer whose name is subscribed to the foregoing instrument and acknowledged to me that he/she had executed the same as the act of said corporation for the purpose and consideration therein expressed, and in the capacity therein stated.
Given under my hand and seal of office this 30th day of Occaber, 2011.
Notary Public, State of Texas
[Notarial Seal] Texa E - Bellemare Printed Name
TERA E. BELLEMARE Notary Public, State of Texas My Commission Expires May 05, 2015 My commission expires: 5/5/2015



100 West Weatherford Fort Worth, TX 76196-0401

PHONE (817) 884-1195

PREMIER COMMUNITIES 3102 OAK LAWN AVE STE 202 **DALLAS, TX 75219**

Submitter: PREMIER COMMUNITIES

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Instrument #:

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OPR

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\$24.00

Mary Louise Garcia

D211315190

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Glenwyck Farms Homeowners Association, Inc. GUIDELINES FOR SOLAR ENERGY DEVICES

STATE OF TEXAS	§ ,	
	§	KNOW ALL PERSONS BY THESE PRESENTS:
COUNTY OF TARRANT	§	

WHEREAS the Glenwyck Farms Homeowners Association, Inc. ("Association") is charged with administering and enforcing those certain covenants, conditions and restrictions contained in the recorded Declarations for the various sections of the community (referred to collectively as "Declarations"); and

WHEREAS chapter 202 of the Texas Property Code was amended effective June 17, 2011, to add Section 202.010 ("Section 202.010") thereto dealing with the regulation of solar energy devices; and

WHEREAS, the Board of Directors ("Board") of the Association has determined that in connection with maintaining the aesthetics and architectural harmony of the community, and to provide clear and definitive guidance regarding solar energy devices therein, it is appropriate for the Association to adopt guidelines regarding solar energy devices within the community.

NOW, THEREFORE, the Board has duly adopted the following *Guidelines for Solar Energy Devices* within the community.

- 1. These guidelines apply to solar energy devices ("Devices") as defined in Section 171.107(a) of the Texas Tax Code. A solar energy device means a system or series of mechanisms designed primarily to provide heating or cooling or to produce electrical or mechanical power by collecting and transferring solar-generated energy. The term includes a mechanical or chemical device that has the ability to store solar-generated energy for use in heating or cooling or in the production of power.
- 2. Such Devices may be installed with advance approval of the Architectural Control Committee ("ACC") subject to these guidelines.
- 3. Any such Device must be installed on land or structures owned by the property owner. No portion of the Device may encroach on adjacent properties or common areas.
- 4. Such Devices may only be installed in the following locations:
 - a. on the roof of the main residential dwelling; or
 - b. on the roof of any other approved structure; or
 - c. within a fenced yard or patio.
- 5. For Devices mounted on a roof, the Device must:
 - a. have no portion of the Device higher than the roof section to which it is attached; and
 - b. have no portion of the Device extend beyond the perimeter boundary of the roof section to which it is attached; and

Glenwyck Farms Homeowners Association, Inc. Guidelines for Solar Energy Devices Page 2 of 3

- c. conform to the slope of the roof; and
- d. be aligned so that the top edge of the Device is parallel to the roof ridge line for the roof section to which it is attached; and
- e. have a frame, brackets, and visible piping or wiring that is a color that matches the roof shingles or a silver, bronze or black tone commonly available in the marketplace; and
- f. be located in a position on the roof which is least visible from any street or common area which does not reduce estimated annual energy production more than ten percent (10%), as determined by a publically available modeling tool provided by the National Renewable Energy Laboratory (www.nrel.gov) or equivalent entity over alternative roof locations.
- 6. For Devices located in a fenced yard or patio, no portion of the Device may extend above the fence. If the fence is not a solid fence which blocks view of the Device, the ACC may require the Device be placed in a location behind a structure or otherwise require visual screening. The ACC may consider installation of Devices on properties without a fenced yard if there is adequate screening from public view from any street or common area.
- 7. All Devices must be installed in compliance with manufacturer's instruction and in a manner which does not void material warranties. Licensed craftsmen must be used where required by law. Permits must be obtained where required by law.
- 8. Installed Devices may not:
 - a. threaten public health or safety; or
 - b. violate any law; or
 - c. substantially interfere with the use and enjoyment of land by causing unreasonable discomfort or annoyance to any adjoining property owner of ordinary sensibilities.
- 9. All Devices must be maintained in good repair. Unused or inoperable Devices must be removed if they can be seen from any street or common area.

The guidelines are effective upon recordation in the Public Records of TARRANT County, and supersede any guidelines for solar energy devices which may have previously been in effect. Except as affected by Section 202.010 and/or by these guidelines, all other provisions contained in the Declarations or any other dedicatory instruments of the Association shall remain in full force and effect.

Glenwyck Farms Homeowners Association, Inc. Guidelines for Solar Energy Devices Page 3 of 3

Approved and adopted by the Board	on this 30 day of December 2011.
	SIGNATURE
	PRINTED NAME
	Board President POSITION
•	8
STATE OF TEXAS §	
COUNTY OF TARRANT §	
and officer whose name is subscribed to the f	of on, Inc., a Texas corporation, known to me to be the person oregoing instrument and acknowledged to me that he/she oration for the purpose and consideration therein expressed,
Given under my hand and seal of offi	ce this 30 day of Occur bey, 2011.
Given under my hand and seal of offi	ce this 20 day of Olch Dev., 2011. Notary Public, State of Texas
Given under my hand and seal of offi (Notarial Seal]	Dra Falleman
	Notary Public, State of Texas HVA E- Belleware Printed Name
	Notary Public, State of Texas Flya E. Belleware